

Symptoms of Fungal Lung Infection

Fungal infection of the **lungs** is scientifically referred to as Aspergillosis. It is named after the fungi causing the condition. This condition is as a result of overgrowth of fungus in the lungs. In this condition, fungus fiber, blood clots and white blood cells may well accumulate in the lungs or even in the sinuses. The fungus makes its way into the lungs, when an individual breathes. This fungi can be found in compost heap, air vent and sometimes also in the dust. Infection caused by Aspergillosis may give rise to one of the three conditions, called pulmonary aspergilloma, invasive aspergillosis and allergic broncho-pulmonary aspergillosis. Prior to we turn to symptoms of lung infection caused by fungus, we will examine in a nutshell regarding the three types of fungal lung infection.



Ginger Orange Tea

You will need to boil slices of ginger root in water. Once you are sure that the ginger extracts have demolished into the water, add a few drops of fresh lemon juice. Lemon as a rich source of vitamin c is excellent against cold and **cough**. Ginger helps fight minor infections as it has anti-bacterial properties. Therefore whatever is causing dry cough would be brought under control by ginger and its restorative qualities.

Fever and Chills

The fever associated the disease is usually mild and does not go over 101 degrees Fahrenheit. It may be associated with sudden feeling of coldness and shivering of the body. If the body temperature goes up next there is risk of getting pneumonia.

Treatment: There are lots of self-care methods that you can undertake to get rid of allergic cough. With regard to e.g., breathing in moist air by having a hot shower or installing a humidifier, using cough drops as well as expectorants, drinking lots of fluids, and so forth., are a good idea. You also need to identify the allergen and try to stay away from this. If the symptoms persist for more than a couple of days, it is recommended to consult the physician immediately.

Amoxicillin

Dosage:

Side Effects:Azithromycin

Dosage:

Dosage (mg)FrequencySpan.

Once Daily Days

Side Effects:Clarithromycin.

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Lung Disease Types Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease is an irreversible condition of the lungs. It is mostly found in smokers. Nevertheless, several people who have been smoking for several years should never be affected by this condition. The lung is a complex...

Dosage:

Dosage (mg)FrequencySpanNot standardizedNANA.

Side Effects:Cephalexin

Dosage:

Side Effects:Doxycycline

Dosage:

Dosage (mg)FrequencySpan.

Once a Day Days

Side Effects:Erythromycin.

Dosage:

Dosage (mg)FrequencySpan every 6 - 12 hoursNot standardized.

Side Effects:As you can see, several side effects are common in all these medicines. In most cases, medical doctors recommend medicines to deal with severe respiratory disease. Nevertheless, chronic bronchitis, although is not usually the result of a bacterial infection, antibiotics can always be advised to prevent any secondary bacterial infection.

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